

By: James J Messina, Ph.D., CCMHC, NCC, DCMHS

Chapter 10 Financial Aerobics

MWO 10 Roster

10-1 An Inventory of the State of our Economy

10-2 What are Our Attitudes about Money?

10-3 A Couple's Scavenger Hunt

10-4 What's Blocking My Financial Aerobic Routines?

10-5 Budgeting – Tightening the Belt

10-6 Follow-up Work-Plans for Financial Responsibilty

Prologue

• • • Lois was a credit card addict. When she was depressed or blue she would travel out to the mall and buy something with one of her fourteen credit cards to pep her up. Lois also took care of the family finances and checkbook and hid her impulse purchases from Josh. Joshua was caught up in having the symbols of his financial status. He arrived home last month with a "surprise" sports car. The Durites lived in a "McMansion" which was furnished lavishly. They were caught up in the credit trap • • •

The stress of finances on a marriage can take its toll. A couple able to develop a budget and stick to it has a better chance of their marriage working out. The exercises in this chapter are directed to assist you both to increase your money consciousness and to develop a well-balanced marital financial plan.

Caution Advisory

The Budget exercises in this chapter are very complex and may take a long time to complete. You two might choose to do this exercise at the same time you are working on others in this workbook. Since this task takes a lot of research and time to complete you can also be covering other work-out issues before this one is completed.

10-1 Inventory of the State of Our Economy

Do this exercise on your own. It is intended to determine your spouse's perception of how you react to financial concerns. Put a numerical rating for each of the following items. Use the following rating scale:

1 = Never 2 = Rarely 3 = Sometimes 4 = Almost Always 5 = Always

Rating	
	[1] I worry about our debts and being able to meet our financial obligations.
	[2] I make no effort to ensure that we have a nest egg set aside for possible future emergencies.
	[3] I hate income tax time
	[4] I wonder where we will get the money to cover our bills at the end of the
	month.
	[5] I am not confident that the income my spouse and/or earn is sufficient for our needs.
	[6] I am always looking for a job which will bring in more money.
	[7] I feel like there is not enough income for us to spend time in enjoyable activities such as hobbies, entertainment, sports, etc.
	[8] I am not comfortable with the decision we have made as to who is [or are] the primary wage earner(s) in this relationship.
	[9] I have concerns about how my partner handles money.
	[10] If a wife's income is not a necessity for the family's economy, I do not feel
	she should pursue a professional career if she desires to.
	[11] I want to have a different standard of living than that which I was used to,
	in my family of origin
	[12] I am concerned that we are living way beyond our means.
	[13] I am bothered by how stingy and tight my partner is with money.
	[14] Having children has (or will) really put a strain on our financial resources.
	[15] I believe that we do not have enough life and/or health insurance to cover the both of us.
	[16] It is important to me to acquire a lot of wealth.
	[17] I find that I am spending more time in my work in order to increase our
	income.
	[18] I believe that it is best when spouses have separate checking accounts.
	[19] My spouse and I are not in agreement about what is the "good life."
	[20] I believe that money "buys happiness."
	[21] I strongly believe in the notion that money brings security.
	[22] I find that possessions and things have a way of preoccupying or possessing me.
	[23] I do not like the way we have budgeted our money and have made future

financial plans.
[24] I worry that "money concerns" will someday be the ruination of our
marriage.
[25] I believe that financial concerns are the biggest problem in our marriage.

My Score:	
My Spouse's Self-Score	
Our Average Couple Score	

To score this inventory, add up the numerical ratings for each of the 25 items. To get the couple score use both of your rating scores add them, then divide by two and round off to the next whole number. Record these scores in the appropriate blanks above. Then compare each items ratings with your partner. Openly discuss each area where you have different ratings or perceptions. The following is the interpretation of the scores.

Score	Ratings	Interpretation
25-40	Outstanding Economy	You have an outstanding economy. Perhaps you
		would like to assist the President and Congress next.
51-65	Good Economy	You have the mind of an accountant. Perhaps H.R.
		Block could use you. But don't be too over confident.
		Your state of the economy is good at this time.
66-80	Stable Economy	You might be getting into trouble if you don't take
		some preventative action now. Look at the areas
		where you need to put some effort and work at it, The
		state of your economy is stable, but it could flounder
		in the near future.
81-95	Bleak Economy	You might be getting yourself into some marital or
		financial problems. You might need to seek the
		assistance of either an accountant or a marriage
		counselor or both. The state of your marital economy
		is bleak.
96-125	Troubled Economy	Not only is your economy in trouble, but your
		marriage may be bankrupt.Get help now from
		professionals who can assist you to get your books
		and selves in order.

10-2 What are our Attitudes about Money?

One of the stickiest problems between married couples is money. The more you are able to explore this area the better chance you have of avoiding painful arguments.

Poor money management is said to be a major factor in divorce. The difficulties lie not in the amount of money available nor in the husband's or wife's individual ability to manage money, but rather in the incompatible ways of handling money. In such cases, each partner generally tries to impose her or his method onto the other. When these arguments arise, one of several things can happen:

- One of you can insist on your method and leave your partner feeling put down, inadequate, foolish or resentful.
- One of you can back out of money management altogether and leave it all to the other.
- Each of you can listen to the feelings of the other and to the other's proposed method of money management. You can then arrive at a compatible plan, one that is understood and agreed upon by both of you.

The following questions should be filled out individually to assist you both deal with differences in handling money. Once you answer these questions discuss your answers with your spouse.

Read the following questions and write your answers in your journal, as completely and honestly as you can.

- 1. How much is my income? \$____ a year.
- 2. How much does my partner make? \$____a year.
- 3. Do I want to keep our incomes separate for any reason? Yes No If yes, why?
- 4. Do I believe money is to be spent and enjoyed and not hoarded? Yes No
- 5. Do I believe extra money should be saved for a rainy day? Yes No
- 6. Do I want to set up a special account for some special purpose? Yes No If yes, for what purpose?
- 7. Do I plan a budget? Yes No If no, why?
- 8. Do I stick by a budget if planned? Yes No If no, why?
- 9. Am I inclined to charge things? Yes No If yes, what are some recent items I have charged?

- 10. Do I spend money to help myself get out of a low mood? Yes No If yes, what are some recent purchases I have made to help me get out of a low mood?
- 11. How do I behave when a salesperson is really high-pressuring me?
- 12. Which one of us should keep the books and pay the bills? Me Partner Why?
- 13. How do I feel when I talk about money with my spouse?
- 14. How does my family background differ from my partner's in attitudes towards money, spending and saving habits?

Once you have completed this task, share your results with your partner.

Suggested Discussion Questions

- 1. How much do we differ from one another in our attitudes towards money?
- 2. How satisfied are we in our current level of income?
- 3. How comfortable is it for us to pool our monies?
- 4. What steps can we take to ensure that we feel comfortable with the way we each handle money?
- 5. How comfortable are we with our financial long term plans? How realistic are they? How could we change these plans to be more mutually satisfying?
- 6. Why are we so hesitant to talk to each other about money?
- 7. What obstacles exist to our free and open discussion of financial matters?
- 8. What are our attitudes about budgeting? Why do we feel this way?
- 9. How emotionally strong are we when it comes to money expenditures? How impulsive are we in making purchases?
- 10. What impact do our individual family backgrounds have on the state of our marit al economy? What steps can we take to alter this pattern? Why do our backgrounds affect our present attitudes about money so?

10-3 A Couples' Scavenger Hunt

Sometimes you may lack enough information before you can make sound financial decisions or develop budgets. This exercise will give you both a chance to have some fun and hopefully learn a few helpful hints. Pretend you two are on a scavenger hunt. You are supposed to track down a price for each of the items listed below. You then record what is the source of information for your estimate of cost. You each should do this exercise on your own first. Once you both have completed the task, sit down and compare your lists.

Cost	Source	Scavenger Hunt Item
		a ten pound standing rib roast
		2. four (4)new radial top of the line tires
		3. a pair of sewing shears
		4. an electric drill with bits
		5. a microwave oven
		6. a jock strap
		7. a size 34C bra
		8. an average haircut and tip
		9. a permanent wave and tip
		10. a \$250,000 term life insurance policy's annual
		premium
		11. lifetime cost of raising one child
		12. Average cost of a new home with: 3 bedrooms, 2
		baths and a 2 car garage.
		13. a quart of motor oil (high grade)
		14. a tube of red lipstick
		15. a pair of women's walking shoes
		16. a pair of men's boat shoes
		17. cost of a solar water heating unit including
		installation
		18. cost for two tickets, front row center section, for
		the local Performing Arts Theater's Production of a
		touring Broadway Show
		19. average cost of a dinner for two on a Saturday
		evening (don't forget all costs involved: babysitting,
		gas, transportation, clothing, flowers, etc.
		20. a three-piece man's business suit
		21. a woman's business silk dress
		22. average cost of tuition, room and board for a four
		year college education at a private college out of
		town.
		23. a bowling ball

24. two knitting needles and three skeins of yarn
25. average medical and hospital expenses for a full
term pregnancy, and normal delivery of a healthy
baby
26. monthly charge for one child in a fullday preschool
day care program
29. average costs to have a CPA prepare a joint tax
return for a married couple
30. average legal fees per couple for a non-contested
or collaborative divorce in your community
31. an Apple Watch
32. a cross county bicycle
33. average monthly lease on a SUV
34. cost of a 24 foot in-board motor boat
35. cost of flooring for a 1,200 square foot home

Now compare your costs and sources for your information with your spouse. After you have reviewed all 30 items and the accuracy of your information consider the following questions.

Suggested Discussion Questions

- 1. What surprised us on the scavenger hunt about the costs we found?
- 2. What short cuts, if any, did we use to get our information?
- 3. What would be the savings we could realize by more productive mutual financial planning?
- 4. How realistic are our dreams for the future based on our current financial resources?
- 5. Will we be satisfied in five years if our current earning capacity remains the same or only increases less than 5% each year?
- 6. What can we do to improve the way we handle our finances?
- 7. What role can an accountant play in our marital happiness?
- 8. How open are we to altering our current behaviors when it comes to handling money?
- 9. When an item was more prone to be usually purchased by only one of us, how accurate was the other partner in arriving at the cost of the item?
- 10. How successful would we have been if we had worked jointly on the project from the start? What does this tell us about our current method of handling our money matters?

 In your Journal Record Your Personal Notes on this Exercise

10-4 What's Blocking My Financial Aerobics Routine?

Do this activity on your own before comparing your results with your partner. Read each of the following attitudes about money and finances and check as TRUE only those belief which you currently hold:

True for Me at this time	Attitude about Finances	
	Both of us having jobs will lead to wealth for us	
	2. Our best investment for the future is saving money in the bank;	
	3. I conscientiously avoid any kind of debt since debt is bad.	
	4. Security is good and must be conscientiously striven for.	
	5. Any type of failure is bad.	
	6 I measure my partner's and my wealth in terms of material possessions.	
	7. The government, my employer (and/or my partner's employer) or someone	
else is ultimately responsible for my partner's and my financial well-being.		
8. In order to acquire wealth one must play dirty and take advantage of other		
9. I believe that it takes money to make money.		
	10. My partner and I have not set down any specific written financial goals	
	for ourselves.	
	11. I cannot visualize where my partner and I will be financially in fifteen	
	years.	
	12. I have no confidence in my partner or myself when it comes to believing in	
	our ability to be financially independent in the future.	
	13. I believe that it takes a great deal of luck, being at the right place at the	
	right time and knowing the right people to become financially independent.	
	14. I like to dream and talk about where I would like us to be financially, but I	
	don't seem to take the action or steps necessary to achieve these goals.	
	15. We look with dread to the day when we will retire and be strapped to a	
	fixed income.	

My score:	
My Partner's score:	_
Our Couple score:	

To score this inventory, add up the number of "True for me at this time". Put your partner's and your score in the appropriate blank. To get the couple score, add up the total the True's checked by each partner, counting only once those items both of you marked as True for you at this time. The following is the interpretation of the scores:

Score	Rating	Interpretation
1-2	Excellent	You and your partner are on your way to becoming
		financially self-reliant.

3-4	Fair	You and your partner are experiencing hurdles to becoming financially selfreliant. You need to read more about the truths of financial aerobics to help you jump these hurdles.
5 or more	Poor	You financial aerobics are not getting you anywhere. You work hard, sweat a lot, but do not see the long term, down the road rewards for your labors. You need to read the following truths about financial aerobics to help you plan your future course of financial exertion.

The Fifteen Realities of Financial Aerobics

Myth	Reality
1. Having a job leads to wealth.	Having a good job, working hard and moving up
	the ladder to more responsibility will not
	necessarily take you and your partner to golden
	years of retirement, wealth and happiness. The
	fact is that jobs support our needs and habits
	(like eating) but it rarely leads to wealth. The
	answer is not to work harder but to work smarter
	to become financially self-reliant.
2. Saving money is good.	The discipline of saving money as investment is
	important, but you cannot expect your savings to
	carry you to financial independence. Assuming
	minimal inflation and taxes, any dollar earning
	less than about 15% per year is a losing venture
	and at best is the slow liquidation of wealth.
3. Debt is bad and should be	Yes, any debt which is incurred in the acquisition
avoided.	of material possessions which give you the
	appearance of wealth should be avoided.
	However, going into some form of investment
	debt is essential in order to become, eventually
	financially self-reliant or independent.
4. Security is good.	Security is often an illusion consider the present
	state of the Federal Social Security System. The
	more you love security, the more likely you will
	avoid risk. If you avoid risk, you also avoid
	opportunity, because risk is the price you pay for
	opportunity. Risk is an essential part of
	progress on the road to financial self-reliance.
5. Failure is bad.	Failure is a part of success. One must develop a
	positive mindset about failure. One can learn

from it and develop ingenuity, flexibility and an ability to create new ways of achieving goals. In turning failures into success, failure can be the best thing that ever happened to you. Wealth is measured in terms of material possessions. Wealth is not money. Money and thinings are just the appearance of wealth. Wealth is a state of mind - an attitude. Using your accumulated experience and knowledge and a positive attitude about your abilities is the road to true wealth and financial independence. 7. The Government, my employer, or someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. 9. It takes money to make money 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent.		7
the appearance of wealth. Wealth is a state of mind - an attitude. Using your accumulated experience and knowledge and a positive attitude about your abilities is the road to true wealth and financial independence. 7. The Government, my employer, or someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. 9. It takes money to make money 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. 14. It takes luck to become financially independent. 15. The Government, my employer, or suittude a dexperience and knowledge and a positive attitude. Using your accumulated experience and knowledge and a positive attitude a goal to true wealth and financial self-reliance. 16. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. Valourate seponsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. Valourate seponsible for our ultimate financial welfare.		ability to create new ways of achieving goals. In turning failures into success, failure can be the best thing that ever happened to you.
the appearance of wealth. Wealth is a state of mind - an attitude. Using your accumulated experience and knowledge and a positive attitude about your abilities is the road to true wealth and financial independence. 7. The Government, my employer, or someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. 9. It takes money to make money 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. 14. It takes luck to become financially independent. 15. The Government, my employer, or mind and investing are responsible for our ultimate financial independence. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. We alone are responsible for our ultimate financial welfare. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. It does take money to make money, but it does not have to be your own money. Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, A realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, A realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind investing are means to create personal wealth, a realistic goal that is not written down is a wind inve	6. Wealth is measured in terms of	Wealth is not money. Money and things are just
attitude about your abilities is the road to true wealth and financial independence. 7. The Government, my employer, or someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. It does take money to make money. It does not have to be your own money .Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	material possessions.	the appearance of wealth. Wealth is a state of mind - an attitude. Using your accumulated
7. The Government, my employer, or someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. It does take money to make money. It does not have to be your own money. Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		attitude about your abilities is the road to true
someone else is responsible for my financial well-being. 8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. 9. It takes money to make money 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. 14. It takes luck to become financially independent. 15. It takes luck to become financially independent. 16. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth welfare. 17. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth welfare. 18. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 18. It takes a dirty win/lose wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 18. It takes a dvantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 18. It takes a pipe dream. 19. It takes a dvantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 10. Writing down future financial goals that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 18. It is silly to visualize a goal or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 19. It is a pipe dream. 10. Writing down future financial goals waith or daydream. Varients and promiting are wish or daydream. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or daydream. 12. It take a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things.	7 The Covernment my employer or	·
8. Acquiring wealth is a dirty win/lose game. You can take advantage of infinite sources of wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 9. It takes money to make money It does take money to make money, .but it does not have to be your own money .Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	someone else is responsible for my	·
game. wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. The provided High Properties of the probabilities and positive attitudes. It takes luck to become financial goals. The provided High Properties of takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You Wealth which can be tapped into without reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. It does not have to be your own money. But it does not have to be your financial goals. You will project in wealthy. It does take money to make money. But it does not have to be your financial money. But it does not wealthy. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you realithy. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you realist, a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit you goals to suish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your gals to guish as well them regularly, you energize your commitment of vaydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to well the norming your fallets in verifuct of them regularly, you energize your commitment of vaydream. When you goals		You can take advantage of infinite sources of
reducing others' chances of becoming wealthy. 9. It takes money to make money It does take money to make money, .but it does not have to be your own money .Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		ı
not have to be your own money .Borrowing and investing are means to create personal wealth, 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	game.	
investing are means to create personal wealth, 10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	9. It takes money to make money	It does take money to make money, .but it does
10. Writing down future financial goals is a pipe dream. A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		not have to be your own money .Borrowing and
goals is a pipe dream. or daydream. When you are serious enough to commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		investing are means to create personal wealth,
commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	10. Writing down future financial	A realistic goal that is not written down is a wish
commit your goals to paper and read them regularly, you energize your commitment and creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	goals is a pipe dream.	or daydream. When you are serious enough to
creativity. 11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		commit your goals to paper and read them
11. It is silly to visualize a goal or dream. By using mental imagery for the visualization of your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		regularly, you energize your commitment and
dream. your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success in attainment of visualized goals has been proven successful in athletics and dramatically documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		creativity.
documented by the number of athletes who use mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	1	your financial goals just before drifting off to sleep or just after waking up in the morning you can influence your subconscious mind. Success
mental imagery to win in their respective sports. 12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		
12. It is corny to affirm yourself as you pursue your goal of financial self-reliance. It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great things. To build self-confidence one must practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		
self-reliance. practice self-affirmation of one's qualities, abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	1	It takes a lot of self-esteem to accomplish great
abilities and positive attitudes. If you believe in yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	, , ,	9
yourself you will project this, and it will build confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You	seit-reliance.	·
confidence, not only in you, but in your partner's confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		·
confidence in you to achieve your financial goals. 13. It takes luck to become financially independent. Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		
goals. 13. It takes luck to become Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		
13. It takes luck to become Rather than luck, it takes a high probability of success to achieve one's financial goals. You		
financially independent. success to achieve one's financial goals. You	13. It takes luck to become	5
	financially independent.	<u> </u>
,		must work to increase your probability of

	success by learning the skills needed and trying harder to use them.
14. Becoming financially self- reliant sounds good in theory, but it will never work in reality,	By failing to act you will fail to succeed. You need to leap from theory to practice. It is worse to fail to try than to try and fail. You must get yourself organized, confidence bolstered, and ready to take the risk in order to take action - so do it now!
15 Retirement should be a dreaded event.	By taking steps to become financially self-reliant and by working hard at visualizing and affirming your success, you can achieve the goals which make future retirement a desired goal rather than a dreaded event.

Now you two should take the steps necessary to succeed by setting up your long range financial aerobics plan for financial self-reliance.

Our Long Range Financial Plan

Our Long Kange Financial Flan
e achieved in the next fifteen years are
•

2. The visual image we will visualize mentally for this goal is:

My Image My Spouse's Image

3. The affirmations we will make daily to keep these goals active are:

My Spouse's Affirmations
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

4. Our plan of action to achieve these goals is:

Steps to be taken	By whom	By when
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

Date	Date
My signature	My partner's signature
We agree to the above plan.	
4.5.6.7.8.9.10.	
 1. 2. 3. 	
	successfully we have reached our 15 year financial aviors, accomplishments and achievements which 15 years.
5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	

10-5 Budgeting-Tightening the Belt

This exercise is to be done together. You and your partner will be developing a budget and developing a plan of financial management. Before you begin this process, here are a few simple rules you should follow in terms of money management.

Rules for Married Couple's Money Management

- 1. Make a yearly budget with priorities, including a savings and investment plan which is to be followed and reviewed on a monthly basis and adjusted at least every three months.
- 2. Always pay yourselves first. Set aside as the first bill to pay your deposit in your savings account as a hedge against budget missed projections and as possible investment capital.
- 3. Set aside a place in your home (a room if possible) where you can keep all records of financial dealings neatly stored for easy reference.
- 4. Limit your expenses in order to generate a surplus a savings to cover contingencies or to use for future investments.
- 5. Discontinue all credit purchasing for non-investment oriented goods until you have become "debt free" and formulated a plan for wise use of credit in the future.
- 6. Discuss all credit purchases beforehand so as to eliminate impulsive credit buying of incidentals.
- 7. Keep cost of credit (% of interest rate) foremost in your minds and always shop for the lowest possible annual percent- age rate of interest.
- 8. When using credit for non-investment items, use the shortest possible period rather than the longest allowed to pay the balance due.
- 9. Record all credit purchases as soon as you make them and review monthly.
- 10. To assist you make a budget, keep a precise, daily account of any and all outgoing money and review these accounts monthly.
- 11. Conduct a monthly budget meeting (including all family members) at the same time each month to discuss your budgeting and finances.

- 12. Seek ways to increase your income by working smarter rather than by working harder.
- 13. Learn and master the principles of investing your surplus capital in order to gain more income in "smarter" ways which require less direct work and effort from you.
- 14. Constantly review and create cost cutting ideas which you can put into practice.
- 15. Whenever you can afford it, use professionals to help you review your budget plans and to prepare your tax returns.

. The Marriage Work-Out Six Step Annual Budget Making Process

Here is an outline which addresses the key elements to sound couple budgeting. To accomplish this task will be time consuming. Spend as much time as you can now, so that your financial lives in the future will be smoother. Doing this process will be easier on an annual basis after this first attempt. Use separate sheets, using the outlines provided in each step.

Step 1: What we owe?

Calculate your debt today by reviewing your credit card and installment loan records.

Creditor	Portion of payment which is interest	Minimum monthly payment currently due (including interest)	Outstanding Balance
Auto Loan			
Personal Loan			
Consumer goods loans			
Home Improvement loan			
School Loans			
Department store loans			
Major credit/debit cards			
Gas cards			
Doctors			
Dentist			
Other			

Step 2: How do we use credit?

Use the last twelve (12) months' credit card statements and/or invoices, loan statements and bank records to do this task. A savings withdrawal is borrowing from yourself. This step helps you to look at your patterns of using credit and borrowing money. It will be used in Step 4 as well.

Last 12 Months	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	#12
Category:												
Food eaten at												
home												
Food eaten out												
Automobiles												
Gasoline/oil												
Auto repairs												
Tires												
Sundries*												
Toiletries												
Haircuts												
Clothing**												
Drugs &												
Medications												
Tobacco product												
Liquor/beer												
Furniture												
Appliances												
Linens and such												
Home related												
repair or												
improvement												
Gifts												
Books (Kindle,												
Nook, paperback												
etc.)												
Movies, Concerts												
or Sports event												
other such												
events												
Hobbies												
Vacations												
Savings account												
withdrawal												
Other (including												
borrowed but												
unaccounted for)		1						1				
Monthly Totals:												

Annual Total of Credit Purchases:	\$
--	----

Notes: *Sundries can include various consumables such as paper products, animal foods, film, cosmetics and such, but if any one of these constitutes a large expenditure because it represents hobby supplies for instance, separate it out, move it to the appropriate category or "other" and annotated what it was for.

**You may want to break clothing expenditures down for each family member.

Step 3: How much money do we make?

Last 12 Months	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	#12
Category:												
Wages (after												
taxes and other												
decutions)												
Other regular												
income												
Sporadic income												
Interest on												
savings												
Interests on												
investments												
Tax refund												
Monthly Totals:												

Annual	Total	Income:	\$
--------	-------	---------	----

Step 4: How much money do we spend?

Use all of your financial records of the past twelve (12) months, especially your checking and bank statements to determine all cash expenditures, either by check or out of pocket including payments on credit accounts and loans. (These figures you get from Step 2), If you know you spent cash, but cannot find a record where you spent it, put it under "spent but unaccountable." Remember, list only cash only expenses. If you pay for gas by credit card only, the item would be recorded under "credit card payments" and not under "gasoline and oil."

Last 12 Months	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	#12
Category:												
Mortgage/Rent												
Property taxes												
Homeowners/												
Renter Insurance												
Life Insurance												
Health Insurance												

Doctor								
Dentist								
Drugs &								
Medications								
Electricity								
Natural Gas								
Heating Oil								
Water								
Garbage								
House Phone								
Cell Phone								
Internet Service								
Cable TV/Direct								
TV Service								
Food eaten at								
home								
Food eaten out								
Automobiles								
Auto Insurance								
Gasoline/oil								
Auto repairs								
Tires								
Public								
transportation &								
Tolls								
Child care/								
babysitters								
Sundries*								
Toiletries								
Haircuts								
Clothing**								
Dry cleaning								
Tobacco product								
Liquor/beer								
Furniture								
Appliances								
Linens and such								
Home related								
repair or								
improvement								
Gifts								
Books (Kindle,								
20010 (1111010)	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 l .

	 		1	ı		ı	ı	ı	1
Nook, paperback									
etc.)									
Magazines									
Movie, Concerts									
or Sports event									
other such									
events									
Hobbies									
Vacations									
Alimony/child									
support									
Personal									
Allowences									
Savings account									
withdrawal									
Contributions/									
Church/Charity									
Dues									
Undeducted									
Income Tax									
Undeducted									
Social Security									
Taxes									
Office Supplies/									
Stamps, paper,									
etc.									
Savings deposits									
Credit card									
payments									
Installment loan									
payments									
Other (including									
borrowed but									
unaccounted for)									
Monthly Totals:									
		•			•			•	

Annual ⁻	Total	of (Cash I	Purc⊦	าases: ร	5
---------------------	-------	------	--------	-------	----------	---

Step 5: What are Out Financial Priorities?

Before you decide priorities, you both must look at the results of Steps 1 - 4 and answer the two questions:

- 1. Are we spending more than we are earning Monthly, Quarterly and Annually? Compare monthly and annual totals found in Steps 3 and 4.
- 2. Do we have large sums of "unaccountable" spending in our credit (Step 2) and cash expenditures (Step 4) findings? If yes, begin to record daily, every penny you and your partner spend in small notebooks which each of you should carry. This should help in determining priorities.

		riorities for the Next Year Ending
A. Highest Priorities	for us both (our	family):
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
B. Medium Priorities	for us both (ou	r family):
1.	(3,
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
C. Low Priorities for	us both (our fan	nilv)·
1.	ao botti (oai iai	
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		

8.

9.

10.

Step 6: What is our Budget?

Use all of the information obtained in Step 1 - 5 to develop a budget for the upcoming year. Be sure you both (or all family members) agree on your projections and choices. Make monthly and quarterly adjustments at your monthly budget meetings. Do note that there is no "unaccounted for" category.

Next 12 Months	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	#12
Category:												
Savings (future												
annual bills												
account)												
Savings-regular												
Mortgage/Rent												
Property taxes												
Homeowners/												
Renter Insurance												
Life Insurance												
Health Insurance												
Doctor												
Dentist												
Drugs &												
Medications												
Electricity												
Natural Gas												
Heating Oil												
Water												
Garbage												
House Phone												
Cell Phone												
Internet Service												
Cable TV/Direct												
TV Service												
Food eaten at												
home												
Food eaten out												
Automobiles												
Auto Insurance												
Gasoline/oil												
Auto repairs												

Tires							
Public							
transportation &							
Tolls							
Child care/							
babysitters							
Sundries*							
Toiletries							
Haircuts							
Clothing**							
Dry cleaning							
Tobacco product							
Liquor/beer							
Furniture							
Appliances							
Linens and such							
Home related							
repair or							
improvement							
Gifts							
Books (Kindle,							
Nook, paperback							
etc.)							
Magazines							
Movie, Concerts							
or Sports event							
other such							
events							
Hobbies							
Vacations							
Alimony/child							
support							
Personal							
Allowences							
Savings account							
withdrawal							
Contributions/							
Church/Charity							
Dues							
Undeducted							
Income Tax							
Undeducted							
	<u> </u>	 1	l	l	l	l	

Social Security						
Taxes						
Office Supplies/						
Stamps, paper,						
etc.						
Savings deposits						
Credit card						
payments						
Installment loan						
payments						
Projected						
Monthly Totals:						

Annual Budget Total:	\$
----------------------	----

Some Issues to Consider

Once you have completed your budget for the next year, here are some issues you might want to consider to assist your thinking in the future.

- 1. How can we improve the ways we cut costs?
- 2. What are some ways we can increase our income by legally paying less taxes?
- 3. What more information do we need to make wise financial investments?
- 4. How sound is our current savings and investment programs?
- 5. How willing are we to spend time with a professional financial advisor going over our financial plans?

10-7 Follow-up Work-Out Plans for Getting Our Values on Track

As a result of our exercises, discussions, and efforts in this chapter of our Marriage Work-Out on our Finances, we have come up with this action plan to continue and follow up the health enhancing what we have just completed.

I. Our Financial Needs
The following are needs which we still have to address to fully achieve full health in the
financial aspect of our marital relationship:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
II. Strategic Steps towards Growth in Financial Planning
The following are specific steps we will take to address our needs to improve handling
our handling of our finances:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
III. Personal Responsibility Taking
The following are the things I will specifically do to ensure that we as a couple continue
to grow in dealing with our financial handling:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

IV. Evaluation of Action Plan for Financial Responsibility Taking

We will know we have achieved our goal by the following measurable behavioral cl 1.	to grow in the financial area of our relationship hanges:
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10	
We agree to the above Marriage Work-O	ut plan for financial responsibility taking.
My signature	My partner's signature
Date I	Date